# A CHRONOLOGY OF PROTESTANT BEGINNINGS: **FALKLAND / MAVINAS ISLANDS**

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(last revised on 10 December 2013)

#### **Historical Overview of Falkland / Malvinas Islands:**

Independence from Spain declared: Republic of Argentina founded: Religious Tolerance established:	1816 1853 1853
Number of North American (USA & Canada) agencies in 1997: Indicates non-North America Church or Missionary Society *	66

#### **Significant Protestant Beginnings:**

1806	_	*British and Foreign Bible Society colporteur, D. Greighton
1818		*British and Foreign Bible Society colporteur, J. Thomson
1820	_	
1822		*Mission to Patagonia, Allen Gardiner (independent Anglican mission among the
1022		Indians)
1823	_	
1824	_	
1024	_	colony established at Monte Grande in 1825.
1825	_	
1829		*St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church (Scottish Presbyterian) organized in Buenos
1029	-	Aires; church building constructed in 1833.
1006		
1836	-	Methodist Episcopal Church Board of Missions
1843	-	ranta or managrant original morning and ration, realist, realist, realist, realist, realist, realist, realist,
1040		Holland, Russia, Sweden, Denmark, Armenia, South Africa, etc.
1843		*Bremen Society for German Protestants in South America (Lutheran)
1843	-	*German Lutherans (Evangelical Church of the River Plate: Russian-German &
		Swiss immigrants)
1843	-	*German Lutheran Church in Buenos Aries
1845	-	American Mission Society (to the Patagonian Indians), Alan Gardiner
1859	-	*Waldensian Church (French-Italian immigrants who settled in Uruguay in 1856)
1864	-	7 mileriodii 2 milerio (7 milerio 11 milerio)
1864	-	Welsh Protestants in Chubut Valley (now part of the Reformed Church)
1882	-	
1882		*Danish Lutheran Church
1887	-	*Regions Beyond Missionary Union
1889		*The Salvation Army
1890s	-	*Reformed Churches in Argentina (Dutch immigrants)
1893	-	Swiss-born Paul Bettex joins the Salvation Army and is assigned to Argentina,
		Uruguay and Brazil; he works there until 1903 and then returns to the USA; he later
		Swiss-born Paul Bettex joins the Salvation Army and is assigned to Argentina,

becomes a missionary in China where he was assassinated in 1914 (while a

		seminary student at Princeton in 1890, he experienced the "baptism in the Holy
		Spirit and spoke in other tongues," according to Louisa Jetter de Walker, p. 19).
189		Seventh-Day Adventist Church (first country entered)
189		Christian and Missionary Alliance
189		*South American Missionary Society
190	00 -	*San Pedro Mission to the Indians (independent originally; affiliated with the
		Conservative Baptists in 1947)
190		YMCA, International Commission
190		Southern Baptist Convention, Foreign Mission Board
190		Christian Woman's Board of Missions (Christian Church-Disciples of Christ)
190	)4 -	James Stewart arrives from Ireland as an independent missionary (with Oneness
		Pentecostal convictions) and later becomes affiliated with the Christian &
		Missionary Alliance; however, complaints against him and others with Pentecostal
		convictions results in their expulsion from the C&MA on 9 December 1911; Stewart
		and his wife, along with David Buchanan and his wife, leave Argentina in January
	_	1912, the Stewarts to Ireland the Buchanans to the USA.
190		Lutheran Church-Missouri Synod
190		United Christian Missionary Society
190		Peniel Missionary Society
190		Evangelical Lutheran Church, General Synod
190	)8 -	Missionary Thomas B. O'Reilly wrote a letter (published in a Pentecostal journal)
		stating that he had previously conducted missionary work in Argentina, which
		resulted in conversions, divine healing and baptisms in the Holy Spirit (Louisa
400		Jetter de Walker, p. 19).
190	)9 -	October, Italian Pentecostal missionaries arrive from Chicago, IL: Luigi Franciscon,
		Giacomo Lombardi & Lucia Menna; work begins in El Tigre & Tres Arroyos, Buenos
		Aires Province; their pioneer work led to the later founding of the Italian Christian
100	10	Assemblies in Argentina)
190		Grace Brethren Church, Foreign Mission Society (Winona Lake, IN)
190 191		Church of the Nazarene, World Mission Division
191	0 -	January, Independent Canadian Pentecostal Missionary, Miss Alice C. Wood,
		begins work in Gualeguaychú, Province of Entre Ríos (later affiliated with the
101	<b>-</b>	Assemblies of God in USA, in 1914)
191 191		*Inland-South-American Missionary Union
191		Christian Assembly (Italian Pentecostal missionaries from USA) Mennonite Board of Missions
191		Brethren Church Missionary Board (Ashland, OH)
191		
191		Swedish Lutheran Church (Svenska Kyrkan) *United Evangelical Lutheran Church (among Slovaks, Hungarians, Latvians and
191	9 -	Estonians)
192	)1 _	Canadian Assemblies of God Mission
192		Evangelical Congregational Church (German immigrants)
192		*Armenian Evangelical Church
192		Church of God (Anderson, IN)
102		

## **Date of Origin Unknown:**

Armenian Brethren Armenian Congregational Church

- Pentecostal Holiness Church

### NOTES:

- (1) Dates listed indicate the earliest recorded ministry or in case of discrepancies, the one most frequently indicated by the sources.
- (2) Liberty to begin Spanish language services was granted in 1867.
- (3) Arno W. Enns, Man, Milieu and Mission in Argentina (Eerdmans, 1971)
- (4) North American agencies include U.S. and Canadian (John Siewert and Edna Valdez, *Mission Handbook*: MARC, 1997).
- (5) Jean-Jacques Bauswein and Lukas Vischer, *The Reformed Family Worldwide* (Eerdmans, 1999)
- (6) Lutheran World Federation, 2000 Directory (Geneva, Switzerland: 2000)
- (7) Daryl L. Platt, "Who Represents the Evangelical Churches in Latin America? A Study of the Evangelical Fellowship Organizations." Pasadena, CA: an unpublished Doctor of Missiology Dissertation, School of World Mission, Fuller Theological Seminary, June 1991. Used by permission of the author.
- (8) Louisa Jetter de Walker, Siembra y Cosecha, Tomo 2, Las Asambleas de Dios de Argentina, Chile, Perú, Bolivia, Uruguay y Paraguay (Editorial Vida, 1992).